ALLFLEET Premium Gear MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Brand Name: AL	LFLEET Pre	emium Gear		Manuf	actured for:	RelaDy	ne		City: Cl	hesterton
Product Name(s):				Addres	ss:	950 Wa	bash Avenue		Zip:	46304
80W90, 85W140			;	State:		Indiana			Fax:	(219)-926-9683
				Phone	:	(219)-9	26-8656			
			1	Emerg	ency Numbe	er:	CHEMTREC (800) 424-	9300	
2. COMPOSITI	ON/INF	ORMATI	<u>ON ON</u>	ING	REDIEN	TS				
Component Name:	<u>(</u>	CAS#:	<u>% Volum</u>	<u>e:</u> /	ACGIH TLV		ACGIH STEL	0	SHA PEL	
Additives		Mixture	<10		Not available		Not available	N	ot availat	ble
Lubricant Base Oil(Pe	troleum)	Mixture	>90		See Oil Mist, Generated	if	See Oil Mist, if Generated	S G	ee Oil Mis enerated	st, if
Oil Mist, If Generated		None	N/A		5 mg/m3, 8 h	ır. TWA	10 mg/m3, 8 hr. T	WA 5 T	mg/m3, 8 WA	3 hr.

The base oil for this product can be a mixture of any of the following highly refined petroleum streams:

64741-88-4, 64742-01-4, 64742-54-7, 64742-65-0, 64742-47-8, 8042-47-5, 64742-46-7, 64742-52-5, 64742-54-7, 72623-84-8, 72623-85-9, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 178603-63-9, 178603-64-0, 178603-65-1, 178603-66-2, 68037-01-4, 151006-63-2

Note: State, local, or other agencies or advisory groups may have established more stringent limits. Consult an industrial hygienist or similar professional, or your local agencies, for further information. All components are listed on the TSCA inventory.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION Potential Health Effects

Emergency Overview:	Oily Liquid with Hydrocarbon Odor. Can cause eye irritation. Can burn in fire, releasing toxic vapors, gases and fumes. Extremely slippery when spilled.
Eye:	Contact may cause mild eye irritation including stinging, watering, and redness.
Skin:	Contact may cause mild skin irritation including redness, and a burning sensation. Prolonged or repeated contact can worsen irritation by causing drying and cracking of the skin leading to dermatitis(inflammation). No harmful effects from skin absorption are expected.
Ingestion:	No harmful effects expected from ingestion.
Inhalation:	No information available. Studies by other exposure routes suggest a low degree of toxicity by inhalation.
Chronic Effects:	Effects of overexposure may include irritation of the nose and throat, irritation of the digestive tract, nausea and diarrhea.
Potential	See Ecological Information, See Section 12.

Environmental Effects:

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- **Eye:** If irritation or redness develops, move victim away from exposure and into fresh air. Flush eyes with clean water. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
- Skin: Wipe material from skin and remove contaminated shoes and clothing. Cleanse affected area(s) thoroughly by washing with mild soap and water and, if necessary, a waterless skin cleanser. If irritation or redness develops and persists, seek medical attention.
- Inhalation: If respiratory symptoms develop, move victim away from source of exposure and into fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention. If victim is not breathing, clear airway and immediately begin artificial respiration. If breathing difficulties develop, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: First aid is not normally required; however, if swallowed and symptoms develop, seek medical attention.

Note to Physicans: High pressure hydrocarbon injection injuries may produce a substantial necrosis of underlying tissue despite an innocuous appearing external wound. Often these injuries require extensive emergency surgical debridement and all injuries should be evaluated by a specialist in order to assess the extent of the injury. Acute aspirations of large amounts of oil-laden material may produce a serious aspiration pneumonia. Patients who aspirate these oils should be followed for the development of long-term effects. Inhalation exposure to oil mists below current workplace exposure limits is unlikely to cause pulmonary abnormalities.

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5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point: 400F-F92	LEL/UEL %: No Data	Auto Igniton Temperature:	No Data
OSHA Flammability Class:	Not applicable		
Extinguishing Media:	Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foa heated above 212F. Carbon diox spaces.	am, or water spray is recommended. W vide can displace oxygen. Use caution	ater or foam may cause frothing of materials when applying carbon dioxide in confined
Fire Fighting Instructions:	For fires beyond the incipient stage When the potential chemical haze a self-contained breathing appara conditions warrant(see Section 8) release if it can be done with mini with minimal risk. Water spray me equipment exposed to fire with war used for cooling purposes.	ge, emergency responders in the imme- ard is unknown, in enclosed or confined atus should be worn. In addition, wear o). Isolate immediate hazard area, keep imal risk. Move undamaged containers ay be useful in minimizing or dispersing ater, if it can be done with minimal risk.	diate hazard area should wear bunker gear. I spaces, or when explicitly required by DOT, other appropriate protective equipment as unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill from immediate hazard area if it can be done g vapors and to protect personnel. Cool Avoid spreading burning liquid with water
Fire and Explosion Hazards:	This material may burn, but will n	ot ignite readily. Vapors are heavier the	an air and can accumulate in low areas. If

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Accidental Release Measures: This material may burn, but will not ignite readily. Keep all sources of ignition away from spill/release. Stay upwind and away from spill/release. Notify persons downwind of the spill/release, isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done with minimal risk. Wear appropriate protective equipment including respiratory protection as conditions warrant(see Section 8). Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems, and natural waterways. Dike far ahead of spill for later recovery or disposal. Spilled material may be absorbed into an appropriate absorbent material. Notify fire authorities and appropriate federal, state and local agencies. Immediate cleanup of any spill is recommended. If spill of any amount is made into or upon navigable waters, the contiguous zone, or adjoining shorelines, notify the National Response Center(phone number 800-424-8802).

container is not properly cooled, it can rupture in the heat of a fire.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Do not enter confined spaces such as tanks or pits without following proper entry procedures such as ASTM D-4276 and 29CFR 1910.146. The use of appropriate respiratory protection is advised when concentrations exceed any established exposure limits (See Section 2 and 8).

Do not wear contaminated clothing or shoes. Use good personal hygiene practices.

High pressure injection of hydrocarbon fuels, hydraulic oils or greases under the skin may have serious consequences even though no symptoms or injury may be apparent. This can happen accidentally when using high pressure equipment such as high pressure grease guns, fuel injection apparatus or from pinhole leaks in tubing of high pressure hydraulic oil equipment.

Empty containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. Empty drums should be completely drained, properly bunged, and promptly shipped to the supplier or drum reconditioner. All containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations.

Before working on or in tanks which contain or have contained this material, refer to OSHA regulations, ANSI Z49.1 and other references pertaining to cleaning, repairing, welding, or other contemplated operations.

Storage: Keep container(s) tightly closed. Use and store this material in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat and all sources of ignition. Storage temperatures above 113F may lead to thermal decomposition, resulting in the generation of hydrogen sulfide and other sulfur containing gases. Store only in approved containers. Keep away from any incompatible material(see Section 10). Protect container(s) against physical damage.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls:	If current ventilation practices are not adequate to maintain airborne concentrations below the established exposure limits(see Section 2), additional ventilation of exhaust system may be required.
Other Protective Equipment:	A source of clean water should be available in the work area for flushing eyes and skin. Impervious clothing should be worn as needed.
Eye/Face:	Approved eye protection to safeguard against potential eye contact, irritation, or injury is recommended. Depending on conditions of use, a face shield may be necessary.
Skin:	No special protective clothing is normally required. Where splashing is possible, select protective clothing depending on operations conducted physical requirements and other substances in the workplace. Suggested materials for protective gloves include: 4H (PE/EVAL), Nitrile rubber, Silver Shield, Viton.

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Respiratory:	A NIOSH certified air purifying respirator with a Type 95(R or P) particulate filter may be used under conditions where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits(see Section 2).
General Hygiene Considerations:	There are no known hazards associated with this material when used as recommended. The following general hygiene considerations are recognized as common good industrial hygiene practices: avoid breathing vapor or mist, avoid contact with eyes and skin, wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or drinking.
Exposure Guidelines:	See Section 2, Composition/Information on Ingredients.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

NOTE: Unless otherwise stated, values are determined at 20C(68F) and 760mm Hg(1 atm)

Appearance:	Brown	Solubility in Water:	No	t Soluble	
Odor:	Characteristic Petroleum	Flash Point:	400)F-F92	
Physical State:	Liquid	Flammable/Explosive	Limits(%):	Not Determined	
pH: Vapor Pressure(mm Hg): Vapor Density(air=1): Boiling Point/Range:	Not applicable Not determined Not determined Not determined	NFPA Health: NFPA Flammability: NFPA Reactivity:	1 1 0	HMIS Health: HMIS Fire: HMIS Reactivity:	1 1 0
Freezing/Melting Point:	Not Applicable				

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

Conditions to Extended exposure to high temperatures can cause decomposition. Avoid:

Materials to Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents. Avoid(Incompatible Materials):

HazardousCombustion can yield aldehydes and carbon, nitrogen, sulfur, phosphorus and zinc oxides. Hydrogen sulfide and alkyl
mercaptans may also be released. Thermal decomposition may produce hydrogen sulfide and other sulfur-containing gases
at temperatures greater than 113F.

Hazardous Will not occur Polymerization:

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Carcinogenicity: The petroleum base oils contained in this product have been highly refined by a variety of processes including solvent extraction, hydrotreating, and dewaxing to remove aromatics and improve performance characteristic. None of the oils used are listed as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC, or OSHA.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecological Not Evaluated at this Time Information:

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal This material under most intended uses would become used oil due to contamination by physical or chemical impurities. Consideration: This material under most intended uses would become used oil due to contamination by physical or chemical impurities. RECYCLE ALL USED OIL. While being recycled, used oil is regulated by 40 CFR 279. Use resulting in chemical or physical or change or contamination may also subject it to regulation as hazardous waste. Under federal regulations, used oil is a solid waste managed under 40 CFR 279. However, in California, used oil is managed as hazardous waste until tested to show it is not hazardous. Consult state and local regulations regarding the proper handling of used oil. In the case of used oil, the intent to discard it may cause the used oil to be regulated as hazardous waste.

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14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Note: Not classified as hazardous

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA Hazard This material is not known to be hazardous as defined by OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. **Determination:**

- TSCAAll of the components of this material are listed on the Toxic Chemical Substances Inventor. This product is in complianceInventory:with Toxic Substances Control Act(TSCA).
- **CERCLA(RQ)**: This product is not subject to CERCLA reporting requirements.

SARA 311/312:	Acute Health:	No	Pressure Hazard:	No
	Chronic Health:	No	Reactive Hazard:	No
	Fire Hazard:	No		

SARA 302/304: There are no components in this product on the SARA 302/304 list.

SARA 313, Toxic This Product does not contain >1.0 % (greater than 0.1% for Carcinogenic substance) of any chemical substances listed under SARA Section 313.

California Prop 65: Warning: This material contains the following chemicals which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, and are subject to the requirements of California Proposition 65 (CA Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5): -- None Known --Used engine oils, while not a component of this material, is on the Proposition 65 list of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Disclamation: This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used for in combination with other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of RelaDyne's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no representation, warranty or guarantee is made as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitableness and completeness of such information for his particular use.

Preparers Info: RelaDyne Date Revised: 3/23/12

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